

RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX813LCSA+ (MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L)

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

December 22, 2008

# **MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS**

120 SAN GABRIEL DR. SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Approved by
Ken Wendel
Quality Assurance
Director, Reliability Engineering



#### Conclusion

The MAX813LCSA+ successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim"s continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim"s quality and reliability standards.

#### **Table of Contents**

IDevice Description	VQuality Assurance Information		
IIManufacturing Information	VIReliability Evaluation		
IIIPackaging Information	IVDie Information		
Attachments			

#### I. Device Description

#### A. General

The MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in  $\mu$ P systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components. The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L provide four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6 seconds.
- 3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

The MAX707/MAX708 are the same as the MAX705/ MAX706, except an active-high reset is substituted for the watchdog timer. The MAX813L is the same as the MAX705, except RESET is provided instead of RESET-bar. Two supply-voltage monitor levels are available: The MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L generate a reset pulse when the supply voltage drops below 4.65V, while the MAX706/MAX708 generate a reset pulse below 4.40V. All four parts are available in 8-pin DIP, SO and µMAX® packages.



## II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function: Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

B. Process: S3

C. Number of Device Transistors:

D. Fabrication Location: Oregon

E. Assembly Location: Carsem Malaysia, UTL Thailand, ATP Philippines

F. Date of Initial Production: Pre 1997

## III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type: 8-pin SOIC (N)
B. Lead Frame: Copper

C. Lead Finish:

D. Die Attach:

Conductive Epoxy

E. Bondwire:

Gold (1 mil dia.)

F. Mold Material:

G. Assembly Diagram:

H. Flammability Rating:

100% matte Tin

Conductive Epoxy

Epoxy

#05-1701-0101

Class UL94-V0

I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per Level 1

JEDEC standard J-STD-020-C

J. Single Layer Theta Ja: 170°C/W
K. Single Layer Theta Jc: 40°C/W
L. Multi Layer Theta Ja: 136°C/W
M. Multi Layer Theta Jc: 38°C/W

## IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions: 51 X 74 mils

B. Passivation: Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide

C. Interconnect: Aluminum/Si (Si = 1%)

D. Backside Metallization: None

E. Minimum Metal Width: 3.0 microns (as drawn)F. Minimum Metal Spacing: 3.0 microns (as drawn)

G. Bondpad Dimensions: 5 mil. Sq.
 H. Isolation Dielectric: SiO<sub>2</sub>
 I. Die Separation Method: Wafer Saw



## V. Quality Assurance Information

A. Quality Assurance Contacts: Ken Wendel (Director, Reliability Engineering)

Bryan Preeshl (Managing Director of QA)

B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet.

0.1% For all Visual Defects.

C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm</li>D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

## VI. Reliability Evaluation

### A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 135°C biased (static) life test are shown in Table 1. Using these results, the Failure Rate ( $\lambda$ ) is calculated as follows:

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\text{MTTF}} = \frac{1.83}{192 \times 4340 \times 400 \times 2}$$
 (Chi square value for MTTF upper limit) (where 4340 = Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV) 
$$\lambda = 2.7 \times 10^{-9}$$

 $\lambda$  = 2.7 F.I.T. (60% confidence level @ 25°C)

The following failure rate represents data collected from Maxim's reliability monitor program. Maxim performs quarterly 1000 hour life test monitors on its processes. This data is published in the Product Reliability Report found at http://www.maximic.com/. Current monitor data for the S3 Process results in a FIT Rate of 3.6 @ 25C and 66.0 @ 55C (0.8 eV, 60% UCL)

### B. Moisture Resistance Tests

The industry standard 85°C/85%RH or HAST testing is monitored per device process once a quarter.

## C. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing

The PW27-11 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a HBM transient pulse of +/-1500 V per Mil-Std 883 Method 3015.7. Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of +/-100 mA.



# **Table 1**Reliability Evaluation Test Results

# MAX813LCSA+

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES	
Static Life Test (	Note 1)				
`	Ta = 135°C	DC Parameters	400	0	
	Biased	& functionality			
	Time = 192 hrs.				
Moisture Testing	(Note 2)				
85/85	Ta = 85°C	DC Parameters	77	0	
	RH = 85%	& functionality			
	Biased				
	Time = 1000hrs.				
Mechanical Stres	ss (Note 2)				
Temperature	-65°C/150°C	DC Parameters	77	0	
Cycle	1000 Cycles	& functionality			
	Method 1010	·			

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic DIP qualification lots.

Note 2: Generic Package/Process data